

*Please show all work!!!

1. Change from degrees to radians:
- 240°

$$240 \times \frac{\pi}{180} = \frac{240\pi/30}{180/30} = \frac{8\pi/2}{6/2} = \boxed{\frac{4\pi}{3}}$$

2. Change from radians to degrees:
- $\frac{7\pi}{6}$

$$\frac{\pi}{180} \cdot \frac{100}{\pi} = \boxed{210^\circ}$$

3. Find the length of an arc that subtends a central angle of
- 120°
- in a circle of radius 5 cm.

$$s = \theta \cdot r \rightarrow s = \frac{2\pi}{3} \cdot 5 = \boxed{\frac{10\pi}{3}}$$

change 120° to radians first

$$120^\circ \times \frac{\pi}{180} = \frac{20\pi/30}{180/60} = \frac{2\pi}{3}$$

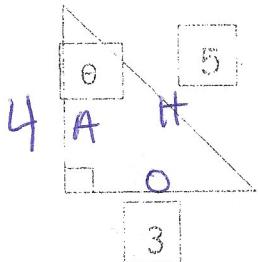
4. Find the area of a sector with central angle
- 90°
- in a circle with radius 6m.

$$A = \frac{1}{2}\theta \cdot r^2 \Rightarrow A = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot 6^2 = \frac{3\pi}{4} = \boxed{9\pi}$$

change 90° to radians

$$90^\circ \times \frac{\pi}{180} = \frac{90\pi/30}{180/90} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

5. Find the exact value of the six trig functions.

Use $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

$$a^2 + 3^2 = 5^2$$

$$a^2 + 9 = 25 \quad \sqrt{a^2} = \sqrt{16}$$

$$-9 \quad -9$$

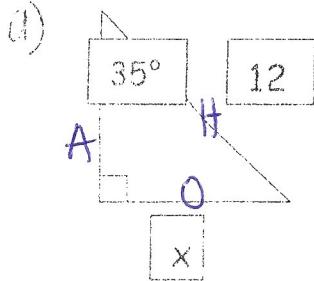
$$a = 4$$

$\sin \theta = \frac{a}{c} = \frac{3}{5}$	$csc \theta = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{5}{3}$
$\cos \theta = \frac{b}{c} = \frac{4}{5}$	$\sec \theta = \frac{c}{b} = \frac{5}{4}$
$\tan \theta = \frac{a}{b} = \frac{3}{4}$	$\cot \theta = \frac{b}{a} = \frac{4}{3}$

SOH $\frac{\sin \theta}{\csc \theta}$
 CAH $\frac{\cos \theta}{\sec \theta}$
 TOA $\frac{\tan \theta}{\cot \theta}$

Soh Cah Toa

6. Find x.



$$\sin \theta = \frac{O}{H}$$

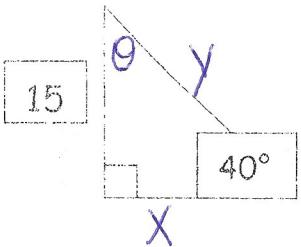
~~$\sin 35^\circ = \frac{x}{12}$~~

$$x = 12 \cdot \sin 35^\circ$$

$$\boxed{x = 6.99}$$

7. Solve the right triangle.

$$\theta = 180^\circ - (90^\circ + 40^\circ)$$



$$\theta = 50^\circ$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{O}{A}$$

~~$\tan 40^\circ = \frac{15}{x}$~~

$$x \cdot \tan 40^\circ = 15$$

$$\frac{x \cdot \tan 40^\circ}{\tan 40^\circ} = \frac{15}{\tan 40^\circ}$$



$$\sin \theta = \frac{O}{H}$$

~~$\sin 40^\circ = \frac{15}{y}$~~

$$y \cdot \sin 40^\circ = 15$$

$$\frac{y \cdot \sin 40^\circ}{\sin 40^\circ} = \frac{15}{\sin 40^\circ}$$

$$\boxed{y = 23.34}$$

**Find the exact value of the trig function.

$$8. \cot 210^\circ = \frac{x}{y} = \frac{-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}{\frac{-1}{2}}$$

$\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$

\downarrow

$$= +\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot +\frac{2}{1}$$

$$= \boxed{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$9. \sin 300^\circ = y = \frac{-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$

\downarrow

$$10. \tan(-60^\circ) = \frac{y}{x}$$

\downarrow

$$= \frac{-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$

\downarrow

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{1} = \boxed{-\sqrt{3}}$$

$$11. \csc \frac{11\pi}{3} = \frac{1}{y}$$

$$\frac{11\pi}{3} - \frac{2\pi}{3} = \frac{11\pi}{3} - \frac{6\pi}{3} = \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = 1 \cdot \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} = -\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3}} = \boxed{-\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}}$$