

Calculus 1 Worksheet #16
Derivatives of Trigonometric Functions

Notes: Know the following theorems.

1. $\frac{d(\tan \square)}{dx} = \sec^2 \square \cdot \frac{d\square}{dx}$	2. $\frac{d(\cot \square)}{dx} = -\csc^2 \square \cdot \frac{d\square}{dx}$	3. $\frac{d(\sec \square)}{dx} = \sec \square \cdot \tan \square \cdot \frac{d\square}{dx}$	4. $\frac{d(\csc \square)}{dx} = -\csc \square \cdot \cot \square \cdot \frac{d\square}{dx}$
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Examples:

1. $y = \tan 5x$ $y' = 5 \sec^2 5x$	2. $y = \sec 5x$ $y' = 5 \tan 5x \sec 5x$	3. $y = \cot^4 3x$ $y' = 4[-\cot^3 3x \csc^2 3x](3)$ $y' = -12 \cot^3 3x \csc^2 3x$	4. $y = \csc^3 2x$ $y' = 3(\csc^2 2x)[- \csc 2x \cot 2x](2)$ $y' = -6(\csc^2 2x) \csc 2x \cot 2x$
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Use the **quotient rule** to **prove** the derivative of: [Hint: change into sin x and cos x and then take derivative]

1. tan x 2. cot x 3. sec x 4. csc x

Directions: Find dy/dx.

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| 5. $y = \sec 4x$ | 6. $y = \tan 3x - \cot 3x$ | 7. $y = \cot 5x + \csc 5x$ |
| 8. $y = \csc^3(2x)$ | 9. $y = \tan x + \cot x$ | 10. $y = 4 \sec x - 2 \csc x$ |
| 11. $y = 3 \sec x(\tan x)$ | 12. $y = \sin x(\tan x)$ | 13. $y = \cot x(\csc x)$ |
| 14. $y = \cos x(\cot x)$ | 15. $y = \frac{2 \cos x}{x+1}$ | 16. $y = \frac{\sin x}{x}$ |
| 17. $y = \frac{\sin x}{1 - \cos x}$ | 18. $y = \frac{x+2}{\cos x}$ | 19. $y = \frac{\tan x}{\cos x - 4}$ |
| 20. $y = \frac{\cot x}{1 - \sin x}$ | | |

Answers:

1. $\sec^2 x$	2. $-\csc^2 x$	3. $\sec x \tan x$
4. $-\csc x \cot x$	5. $4 \sec 4x \tan 4x$	6. $3(\sec^2 3x + \csc^2 3x)$
7. $-5 \csc 5x(\csc 5x + \cot 5x)$	8. $-6 \csc^3(2x) \cot(2x)$	9. $\sec^2 x - \csc^2 x$
10. $2(2 \sec x \tan x + \csc x \cot x)$	11. $3 \sec x(\tan^2 x + \sec^2 x)$	12. $\sin x(1 + \sec^2 x)$
13. $-\csc x(\csc^2 x + \cot^2 x)$	14. $-\cos x(1 + \csc^2 x)$	15. $\frac{-2(x \sin x + \sin x + \cos x)}{(x+1)^2}$
16. $\frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^2}$	17. $\frac{1}{\cos x - 1}$	18. $\frac{\cos x + x \sin x + 2 \sin x}{\cos^2 x}$
19. $\frac{\sec x - 4 \sec^2 x + \tan x \sin x}{(\cos x - 4)^2}$	20. $\frac{-\csc^2 x + \csc x + \cot x \cos x}{(1 - \sin x)^2}$	

$$\textcircled{1} \tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \quad \frac{gf' - fg'}{g^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{\cos x \cdot \cos x - \sin x \cdot (-\sin x)}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} = \boxed{\sec^2 x}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \cot x = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \quad \frac{gf' - fg'}{g^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{\sin x \cdot (-\sin x) - \cos x \cdot \cos x}{\sin^2 x} = \frac{-\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x} = \frac{-1}{\sin^2 x} = \boxed{-\csc^2 x}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \sec x = \frac{1}{\cos x} \quad \frac{gf' - fg'}{g^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{\cos x \cdot 0 - 1 \cdot (-\sin x)}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{+\sin x}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos x} = \boxed{\tan x \cdot \sec x}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \operatorname{csc} x = \frac{1}{\sin x} \quad \frac{g f' - f g'}{g^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{\sin x \cdot 0 - 1 \cdot \cos x}{\sin^2 x} = \frac{-\cos x}{\sin^2 x} = \frac{-\cos x}{\sin x} \cdot \frac{1}{\sin x}$$
$$= \boxed{-\cot x \cdot \operatorname{csc} x}$$

$$\textcircled{5} y = \sec 4x$$

$$y' = \sec 4x \cdot \tan 4x \cdot 4 = \boxed{4 \sec 4x \cdot \tan 4x}$$

$$\textcircled{6} y = \tan 3x - \cot 3x$$

$$y' = \sec^2 3x \cdot 3 + \csc^2 3x \cdot 3$$

$$= \boxed{3 \sec^2(3x) + 3 \csc^2(3x)}$$

$$\textcircled{7} y = \cot(5x) + \csc(5x)$$

$$y' = -\csc^2(5x) \cdot 5 + -\csc(5x) \cdot \cot(5x) \cdot 5$$

$$y' = -5 \csc^2(5x) - 5 \csc(5x) \cot(5x)$$

$$\boxed{-5 \csc(5x) (\csc(5x) + \cot(5x))}$$

$$(8) y = \csc^3(2x)$$

$$y' = 3\csc^2(2x) \cdot -\csc(2x)\cot(2x) \cdot 2$$

$$= \boxed{-6\csc^3(2x)\cot(2x)}$$

$$(9) y = \tan x + \cot x$$

$$y' = \sec^2 x + -\csc^2 x$$

$$\boxed{\sec^2 x - \csc^2 x}$$

$$(10) y = 4\sec x - 2\csc x$$

$$y' = 4\sec x \cdot \tan x + 2\csc x \cdot \cot$$

$$\boxed{4\sec x \tan x + 2\csc x \cot x}$$

$$(11) y = 3\sec^f x \cdot (\tan^g x) \quad fg + g f'$$

$$y' = 3[\sec x \cdot \sec^2 x + \tan x \cdot \sec x \tan x]$$

$$= 3[\sec^3 x + \tan^2 x \cdot \sec x]$$

$$= \boxed{3\sec x [\sec^2 x + \tan^2 x]}$$

$$(12) \quad y = \sin x \cdot (\tan x) \quad fg' + gf'$$

$$y' = \sin x \cdot \sec^2 x + \tan x \cdot \cos x$$

$$= \sin x \cdot \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \cdot \cos x$$

$$= \sin x \cdot \sec^2 x + \sin x$$

$$= \boxed{\sin x (\sec^2 x + 1)}$$

$$(13) \quad y = \cot x \cdot (\csc x) \quad fg' + gf'$$

$$y' = \cot x \cdot (-\csc x \cdot \cot x) + \csc x \cdot (-\csc^2 x)$$

$$y' = -\cot^2 x \csc x - \csc^3 x$$

$$y' = \boxed{-\csc x (\cot^2 x + \csc^2 x)}$$

$$(14) \quad y = \cos x \cdot \cot x \quad fg' + gf'$$

$$y' = \cos x \cdot (-\csc^2 x) + \cot x \cdot (-\sin x)$$

$$y' = -\cos x \cdot \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} - \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \cdot \sin x$$

$$y' = -\frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x} - \cos x$$

$$\boxed{-\cos x (\csc^2 x + 1)}$$

$$(15) \quad y = \frac{2 \cos x}{x+1} \quad \frac{gf' - fg'}{g^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{(x+1)(-2 \sin x) - (2 \cos x)(1)}{(x+1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-2x \sin x - 2 \sin x - 2 \cos x}{(x+1)^2}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{-2(x \sin x + \sin x + \cos x)}{(x+1)^2}}$$

$$(16) \quad y = \frac{\sin x}{x}$$

$$\frac{gf' - fg'}{g^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{x \cdot \cos x - \sin x \cdot 1}{x^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{x \cdot \cos x - \sin x}{x^2}$$

$$(17) \quad y = \frac{\sin x}{1 - \cos x}$$

$$\frac{gf' - fg'}{g^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{(1 - \cos x) \cdot \cos x - \sin x \cdot (+ + \sin x)}{(1 - \cos x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x - \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x}{(1 - \cos x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x - 1}{(1 - \cos x)^2} = \frac{-(1 - \cos x)}{(1 - \cos x)^2} = \frac{-1}{1 - \cos x}$$

$$\frac{1}{\cos x - 1}$$

$$\textcircled{18} \quad y = \frac{x+2}{\cos x}$$

$$\frac{gf' - fg'}{g^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{\cos x(1) + (x+2)(+\sin x)}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x + x \sin x + 2 \sin x}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$\textcircled{19} \quad y = \frac{\tan x}{\cos x - 4}$$

$$\frac{gf' - fg'}{g^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{(\cos x - 4) \cdot \left(\sec^2 x\right) + \tan x (+\sin x)}{(\cos x - 4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\sec x - 4 \sec^2 x + \tan x \sin x}{(\cos x - 4)^2}$$

$$(20) \quad y = \frac{\cot x}{1 - \sin x}$$

$$\frac{g'f - fg'}{g^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{(1 - \sin x) \cdot \left(-\csc^2 x\right) - \cot x \cdot (-\cos x)}{(1 - \sin x)^2}$$

$$\frac{-\csc^2 x + \csc x + \cot x \cdot \cos x}{(1 - \sin x)^2}$$